

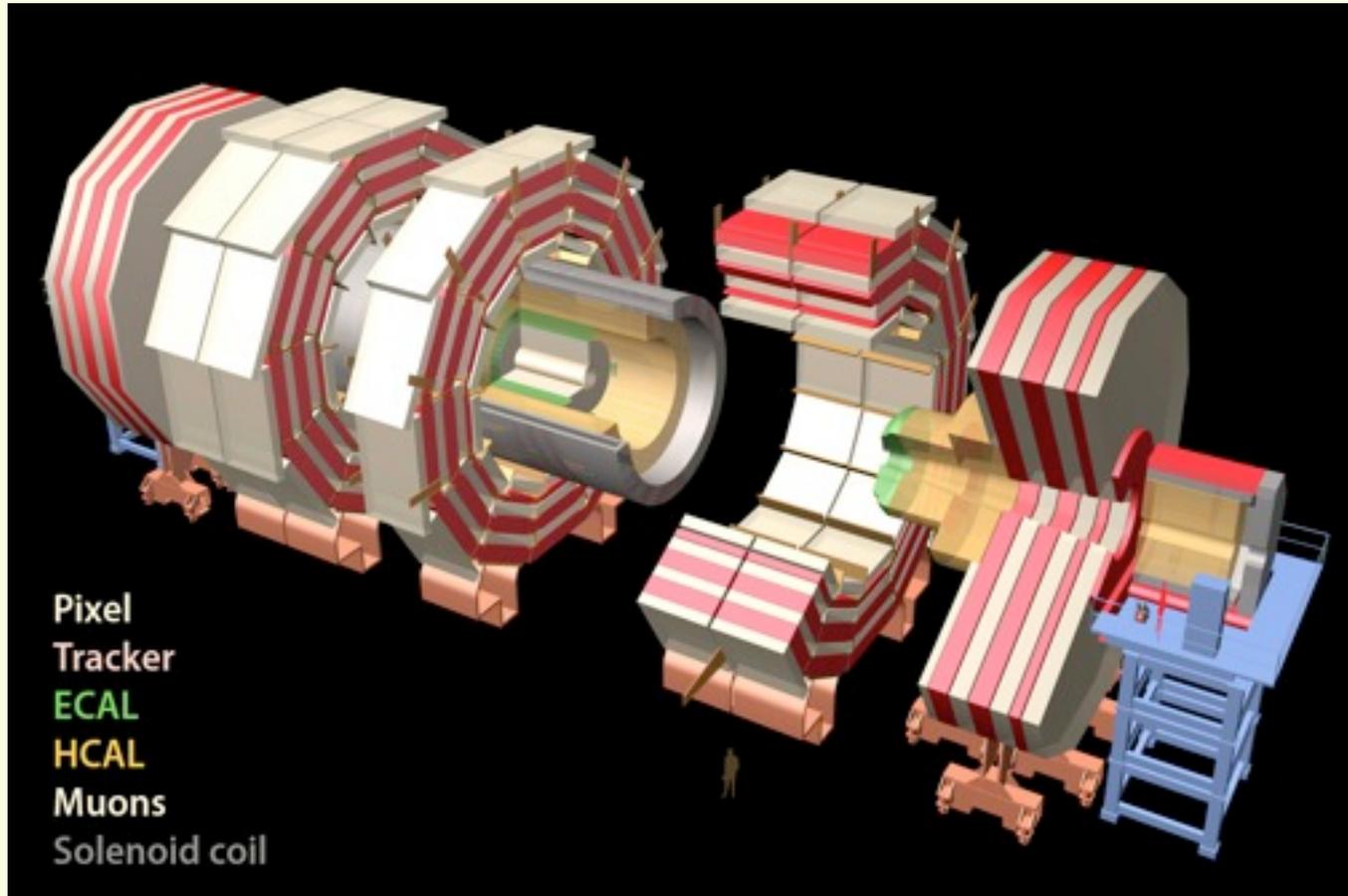


# **Radiation Damage Studies of Silicon Photomultipliers for SLHC at CERN PS IRRAD facility**

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Y. Musienko \* (FNAL)

With thanks to the CERN PS IRRAD facility i.d. Maurice Glaser and Micheal Moll

\* On leave from INR(moscow)



HCAL is a scintillator sampling calorimeter inside the 4 Tesla field



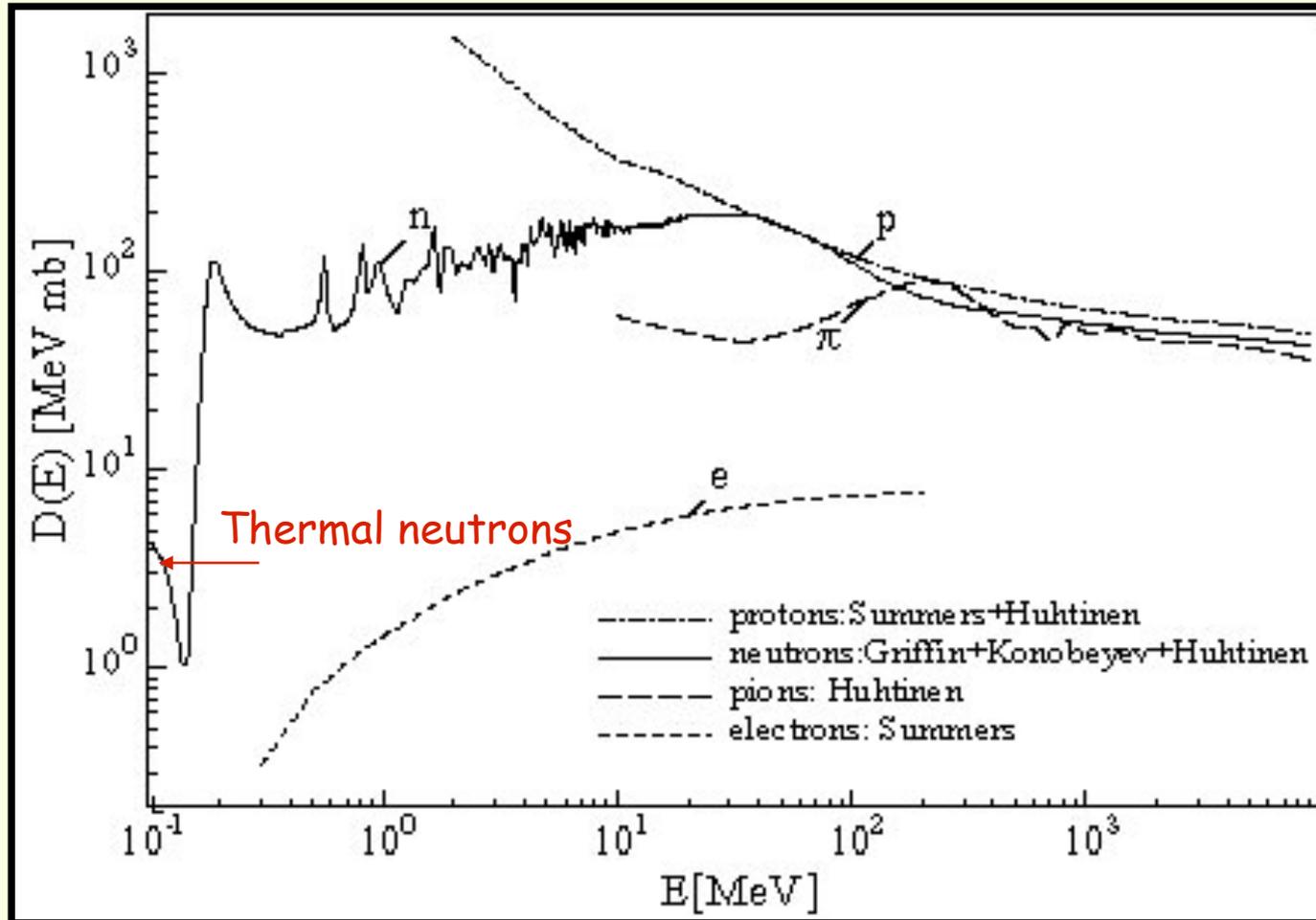
# Radiation levels for CMS Hadronic

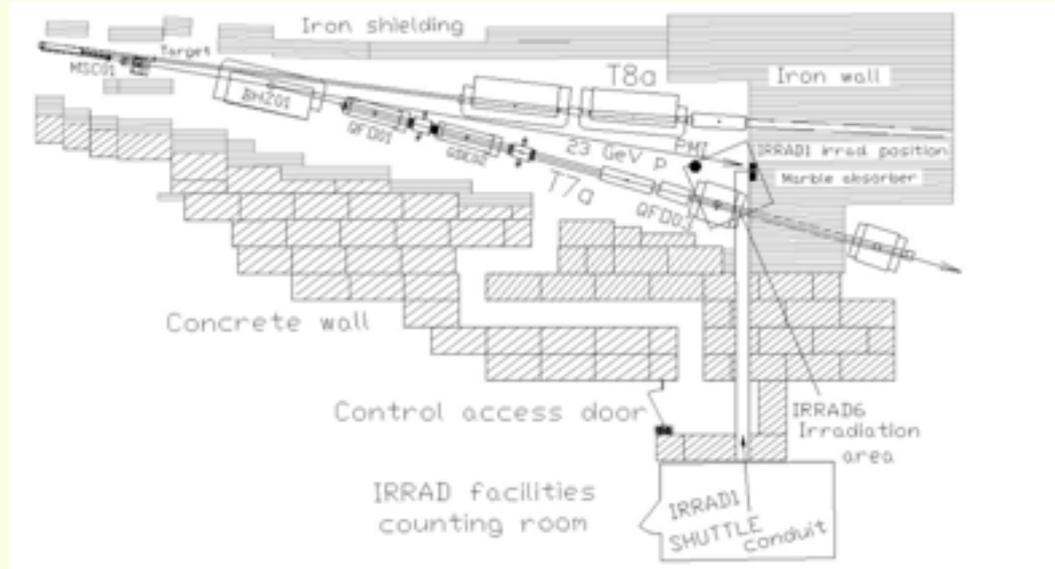


SLHC (3000 fb<sup>-1</sup>) at FE- electronics readout

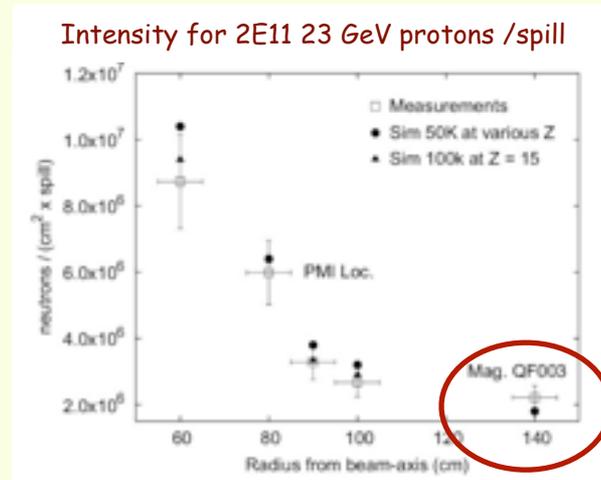
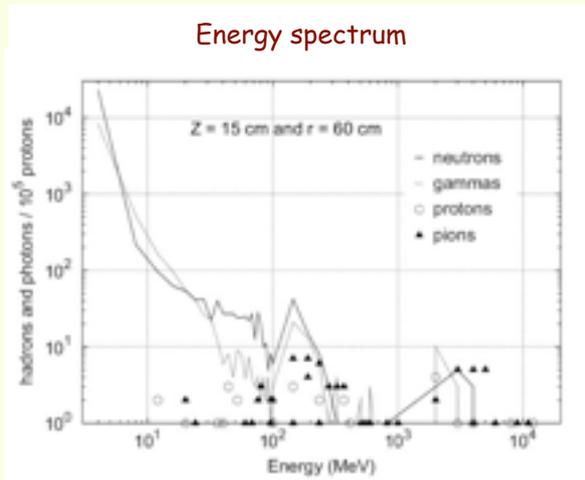
HCAL Section	>100 keV n/cm <sup>2</sup>	Thermal n/cm <sup>2</sup>
Barrel/Endcap (HB/HE)	3E12	3E13
Outer Layers (HO)	3E11	3E12
Forward (HF)	1E14	1E15

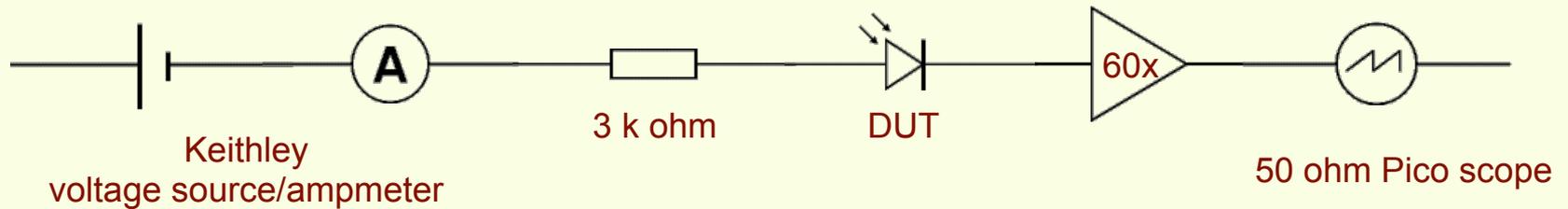
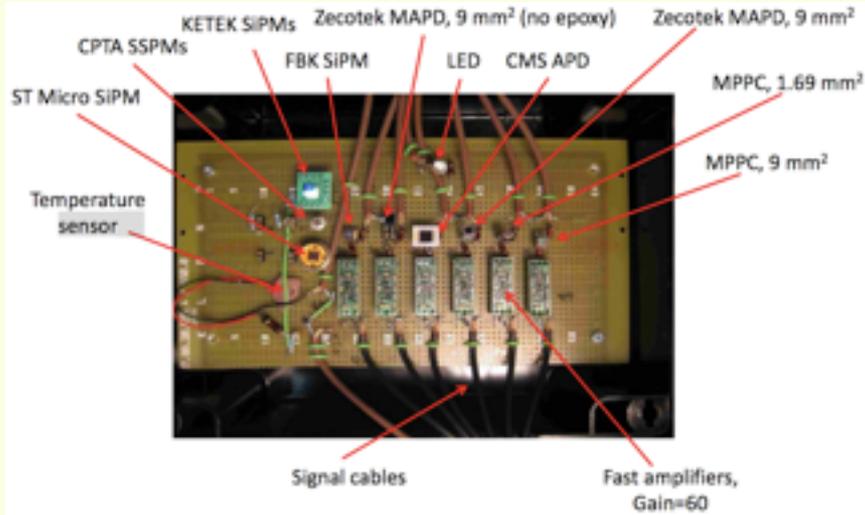
**Total dose for SLHC with a Safety factor=3**





Large uniform beam with LHC like conditions







# SEC calibration data of 6 periods



No Data



Number of primary protons measured with Secondary Emission Chamber

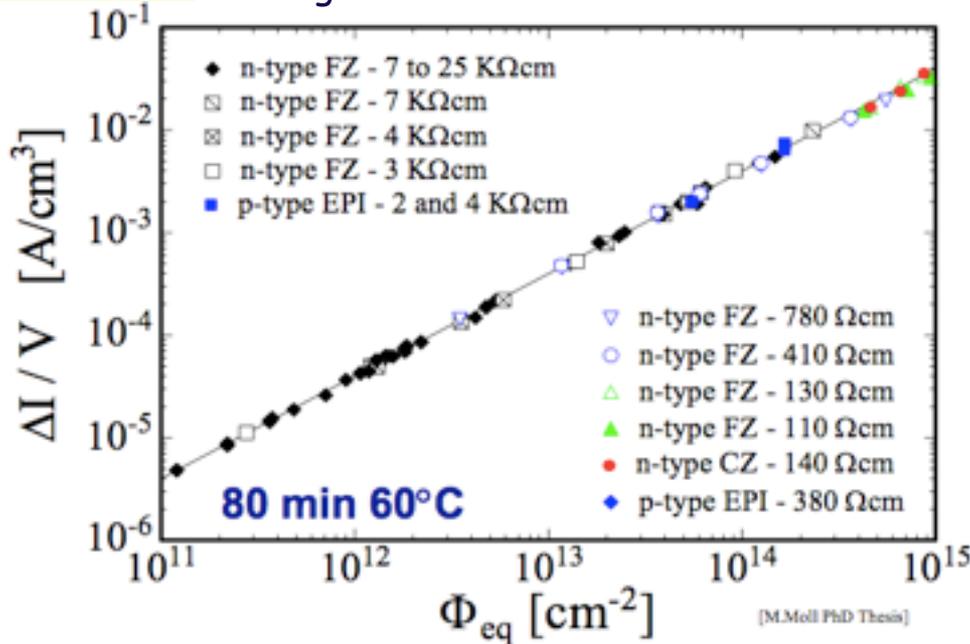


# GM-APD Radiation Damage



Leakage current increase in Si-PIN diodes

eq. 1 Mev neutrons



Similar damage seen in GM-APDs

slope = **3.5E-17 A/cm**

$V = \text{cell size} * d_{epi}$  (few microns)

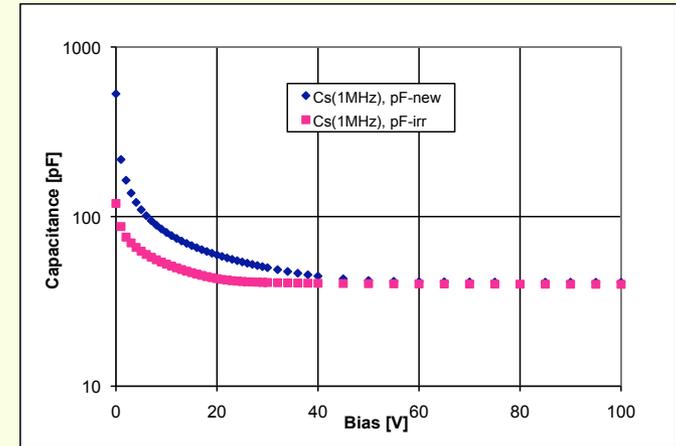
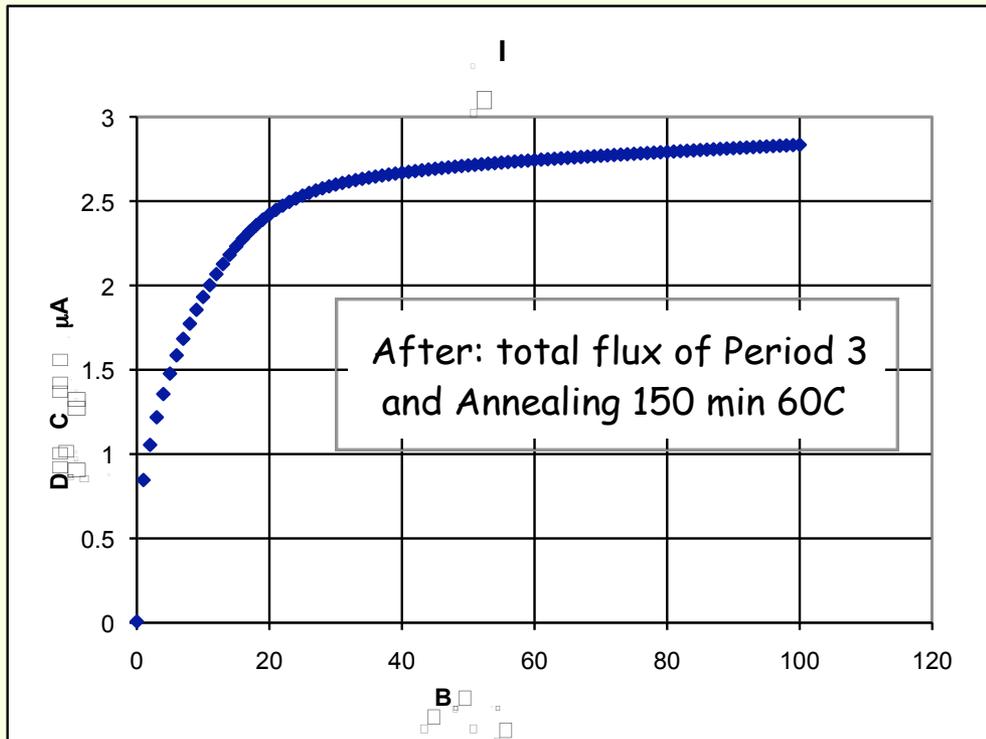
Due to high gain we can see the current increase in Si as single p.e. counts:

$$\text{Dark Count} = 1/q * V * \Phi * \text{slope} * G.F. * P_{(v)}$$

high dose ==> MHz noise /cell (more cells is more radiation hard)



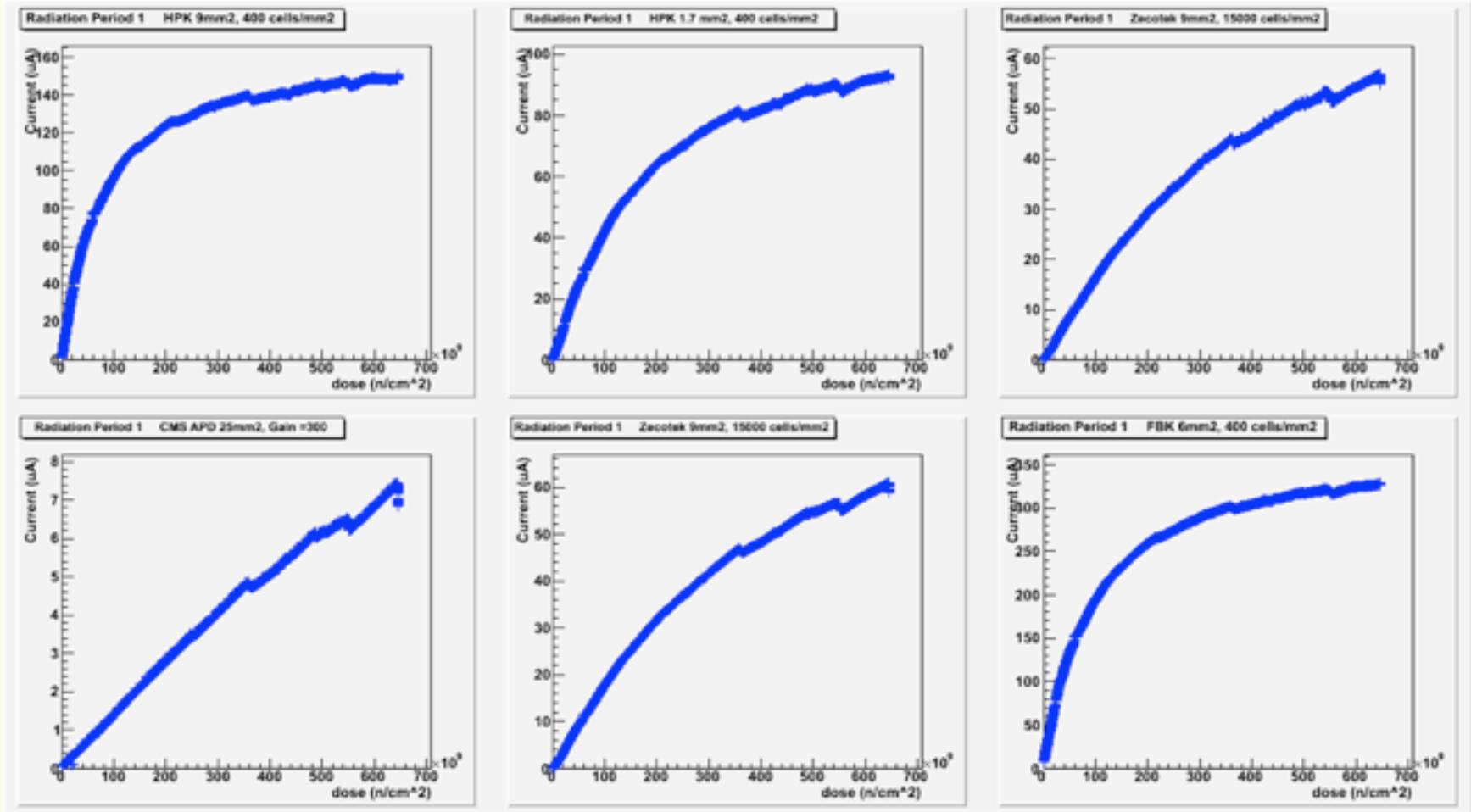
# 300 micron PIN diode Calibration



$I_d$ , T=22.1 C ( $\mu A$ )	$I_d$ , T=20 C, ( $\mu A$ )	V (cm3)	alpha	F, n/cm2
2.63	2.19	0.03	3.50E-17	2.09E+12



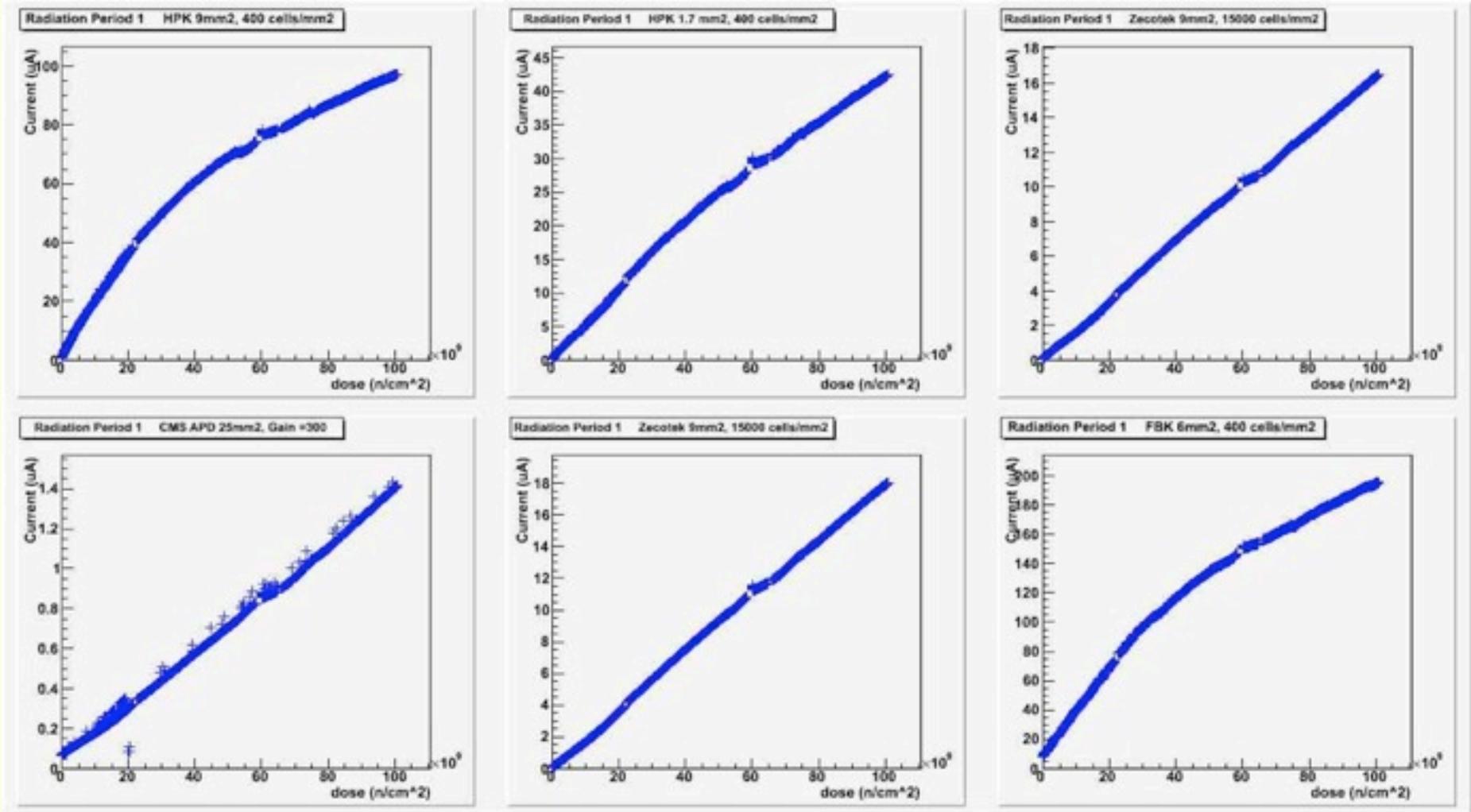
# Data of period 1



leakage current vs dose for different manufactures ZEC,FBK and HPK

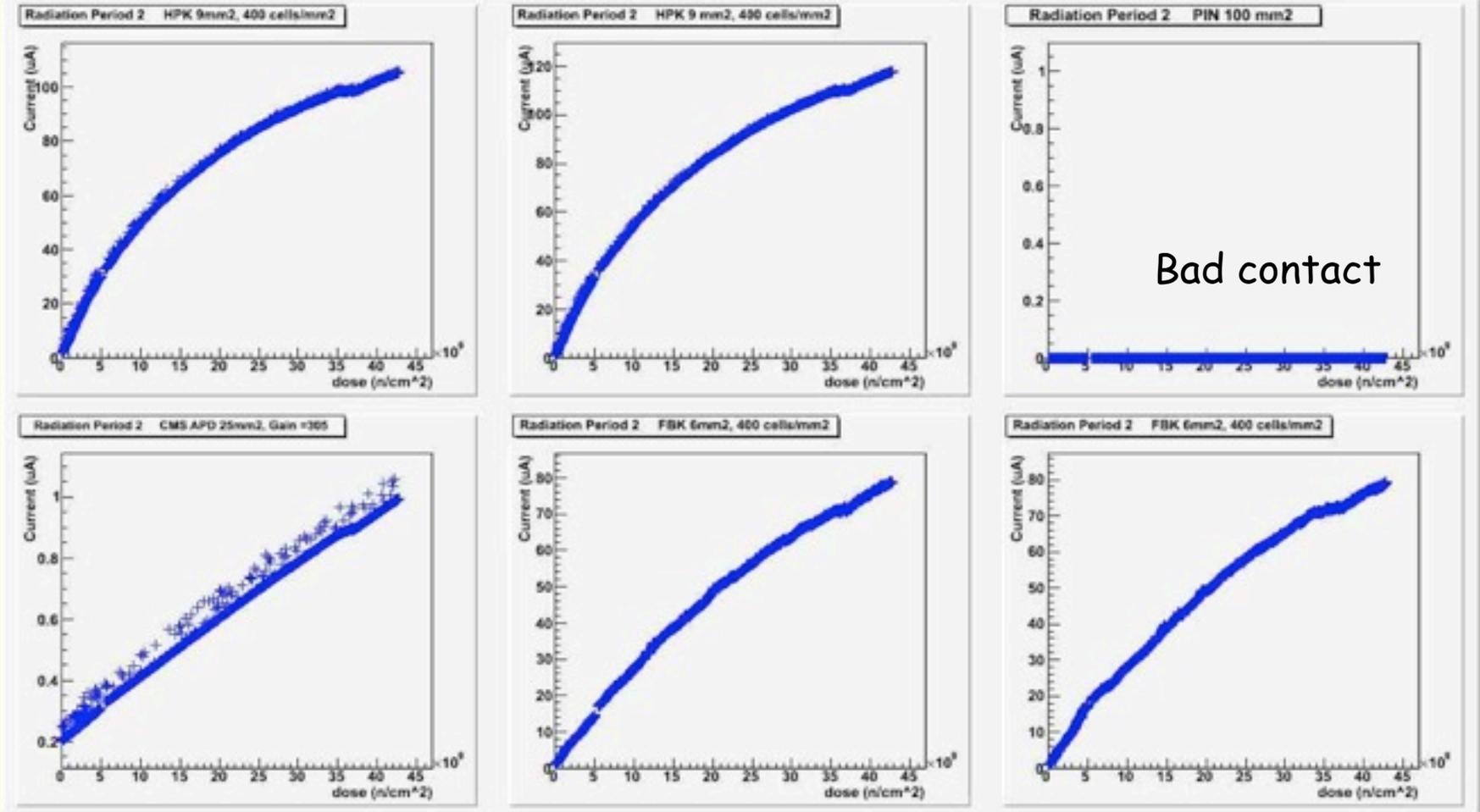


# Data of period 1 up to $1E11$ n/cm<sup>2</sup>





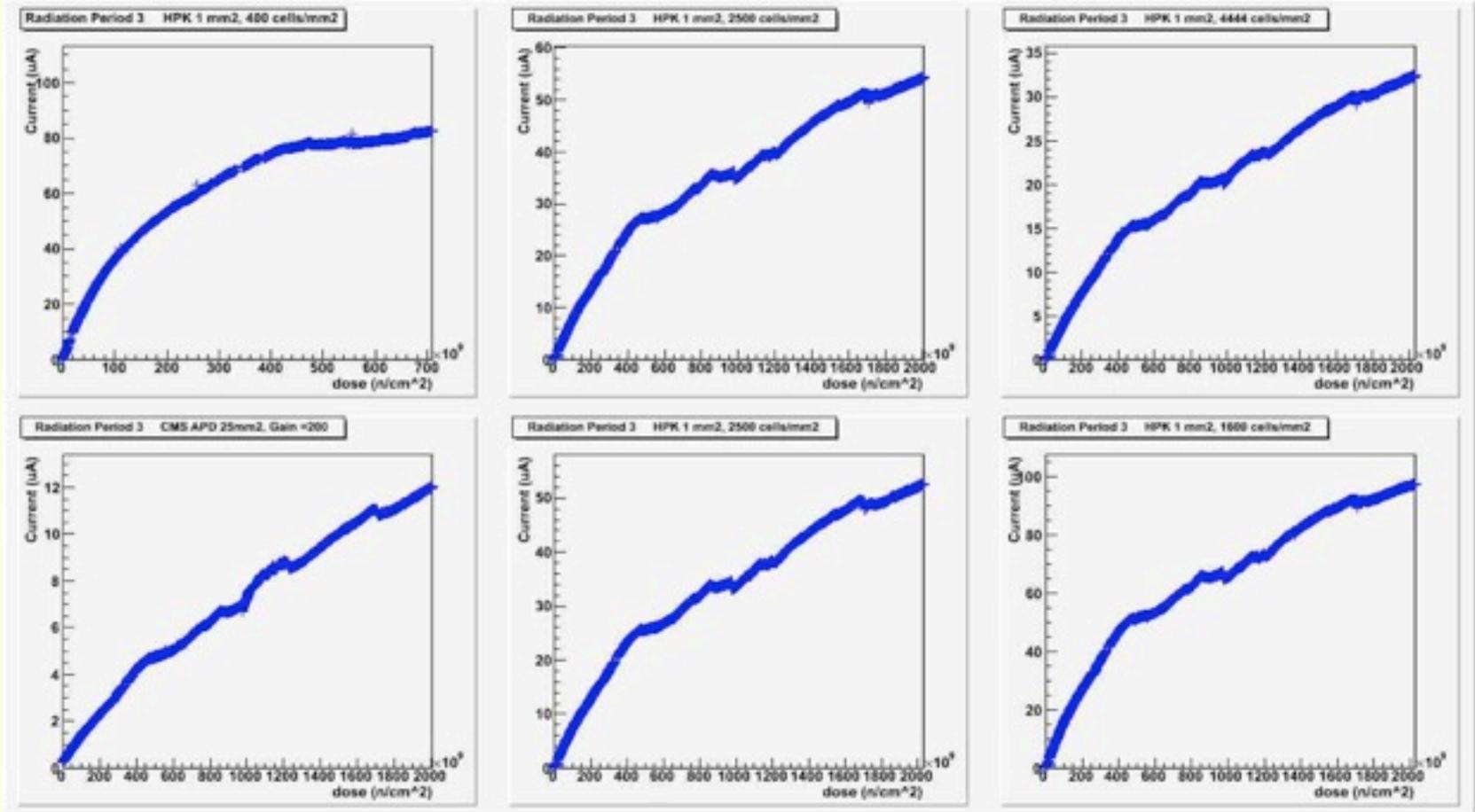
# Data of period 2



Data from FBK with different epi layers + CMS APD and HO production MPPC



# Data of period 3



Data from different HPK cell sizes, 50,25,20,15 um  
(special wafer run Thanks to HPK!!)



# Amplitude during irradiation



## Dependence on # cells and Recovery time !!

230 MeV proton radiation at  
Massachusetts General Hospital in 2008

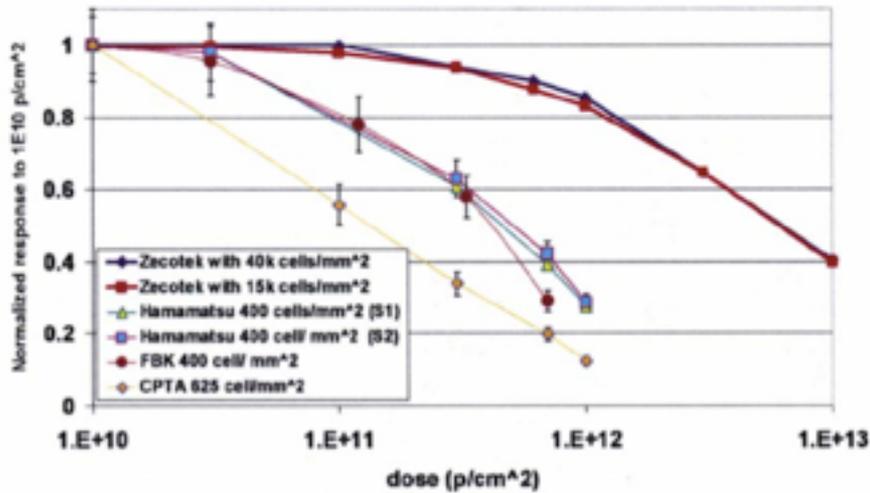
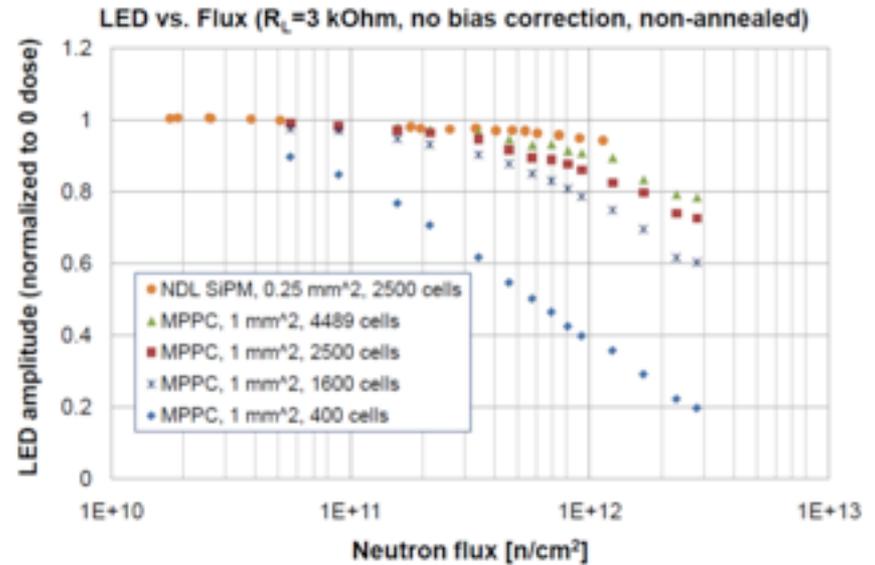


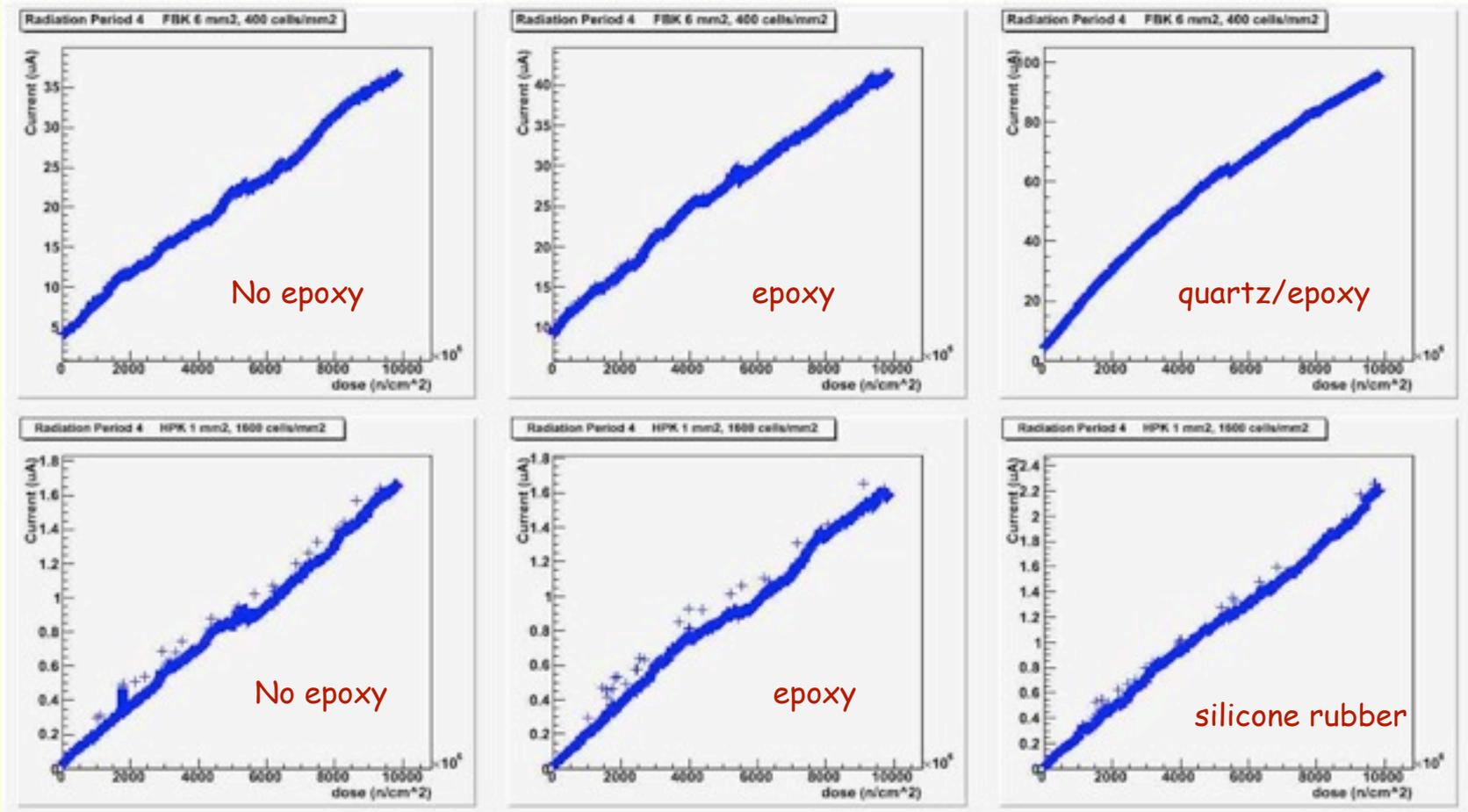
Fig.11. Response vs. radiation fluence for different samples and manufacturers (gain was corrected for voltage drop over the series resistor).

24 GeV backscattered protons  
(neutrons) radiation at CERN PS 2010





# Data of period 4



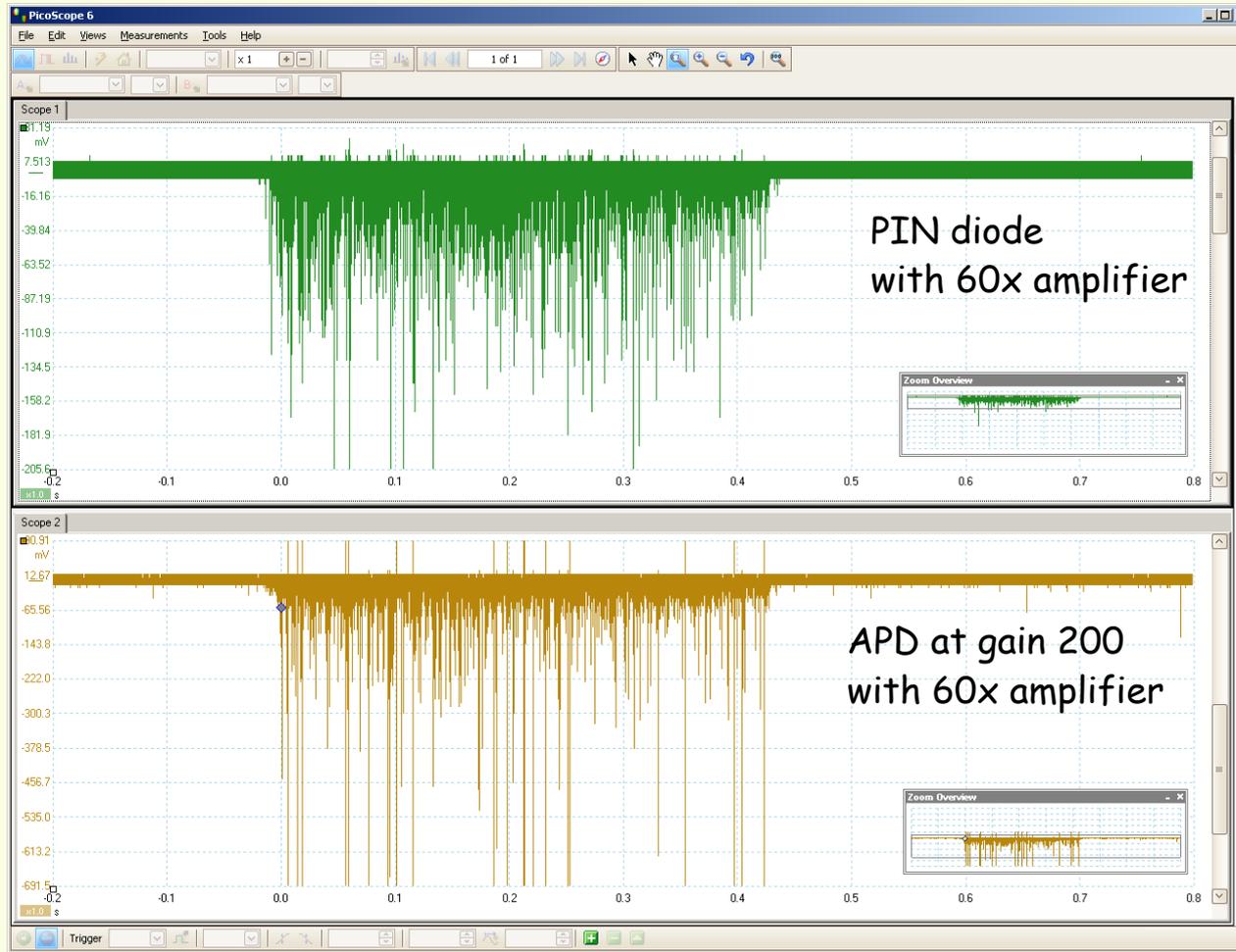
Data from "neutron spikes" with/without different protective layers



# Neutron signals in PIN and APD



One spill with duration of 300ms (total  $\approx 1E7$  neutrons/cm<sup>2</sup>)

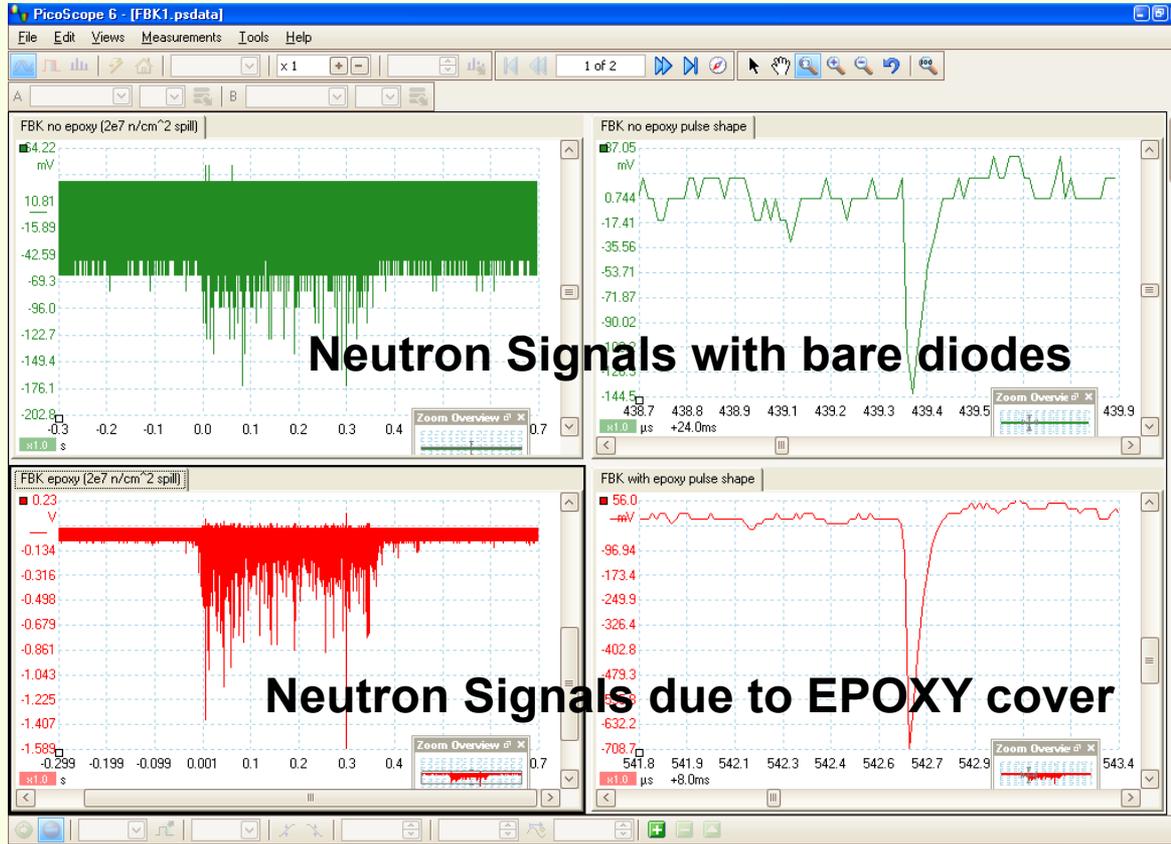




# Neutron signals in FBK, ZEC, Ketek



We expect other than PIN and ECAL APD only few cells fired



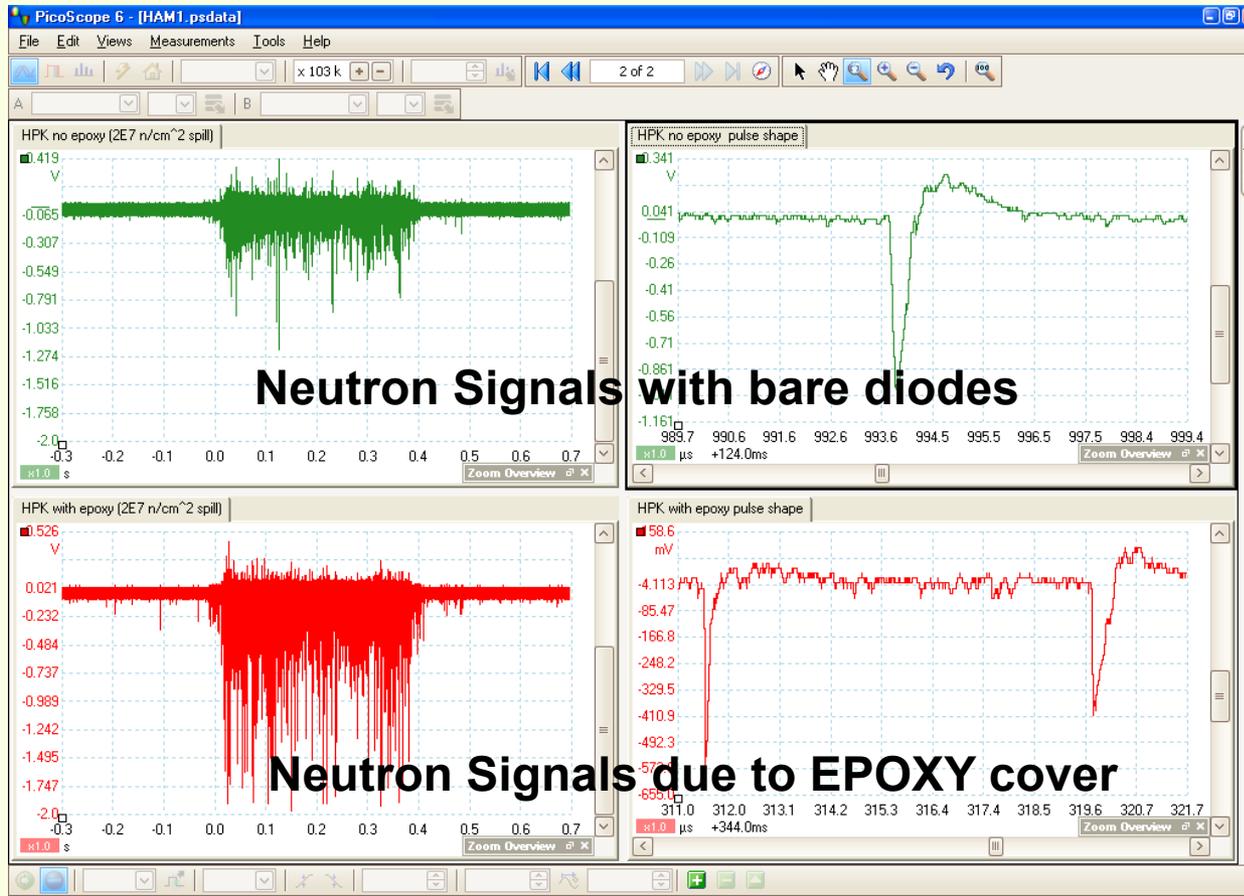
barrier SiO<sub>2</sub> layer and quartz window on package



# HPK Neutron signals



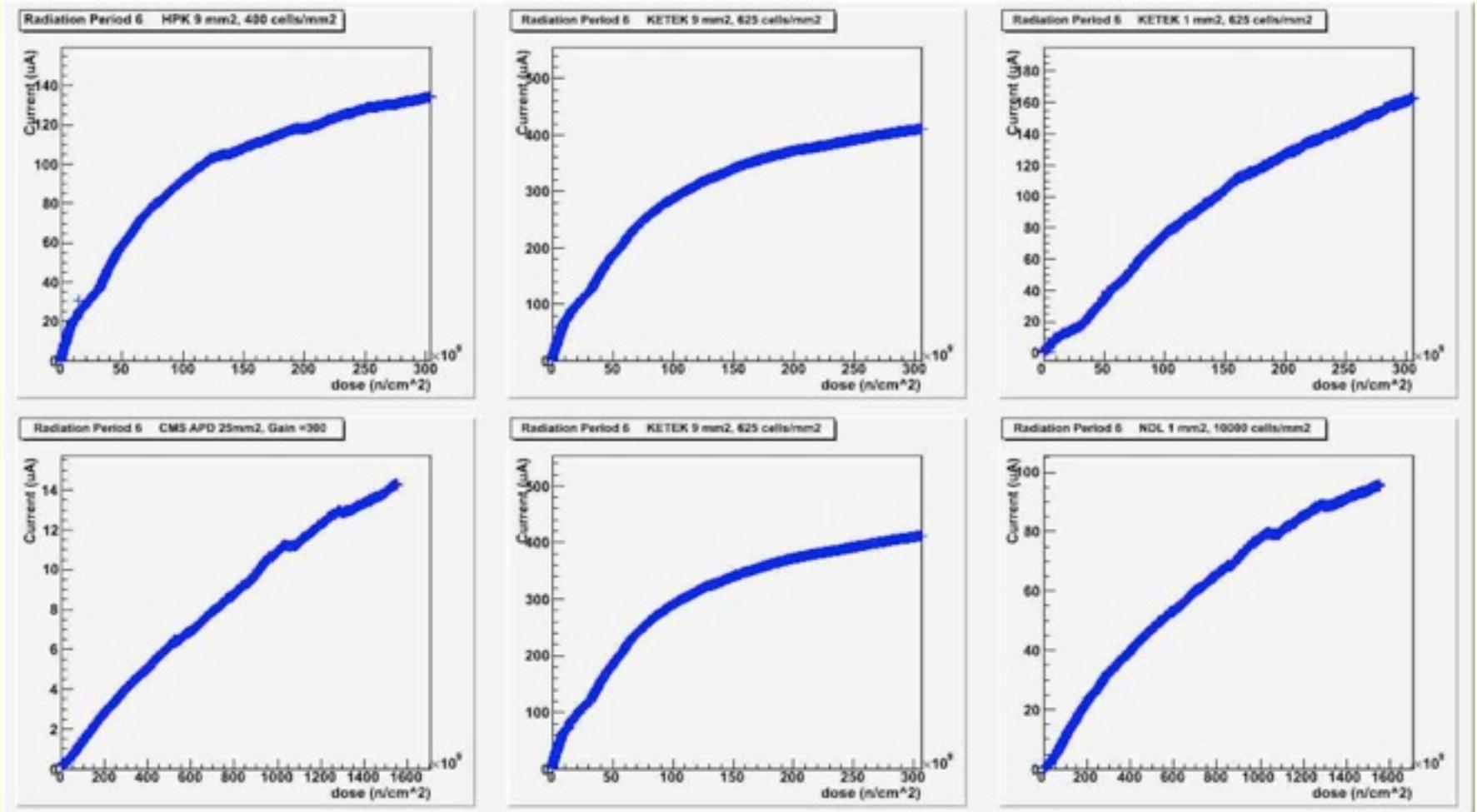
- We still don't know mechanism of Neutron signals in HPK MPPC



Signals from Bulk? Thinner diode



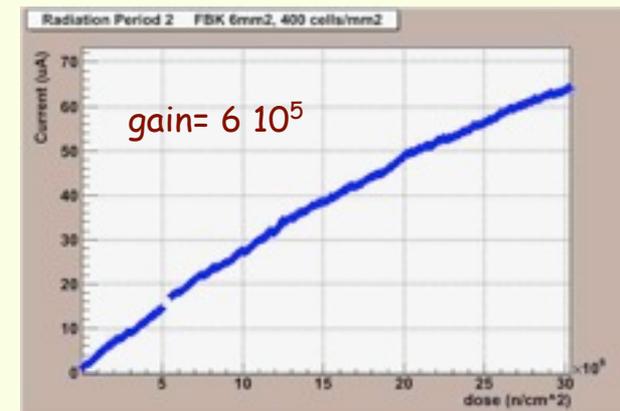
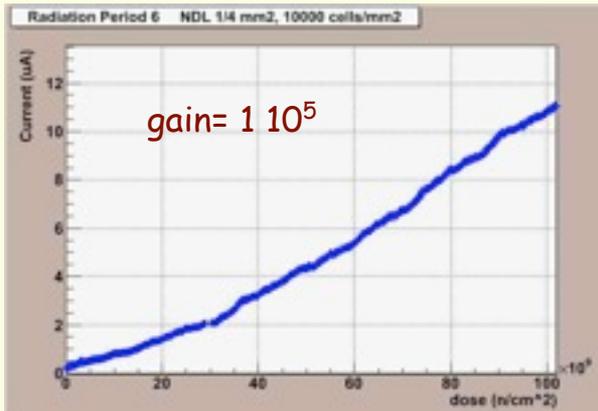
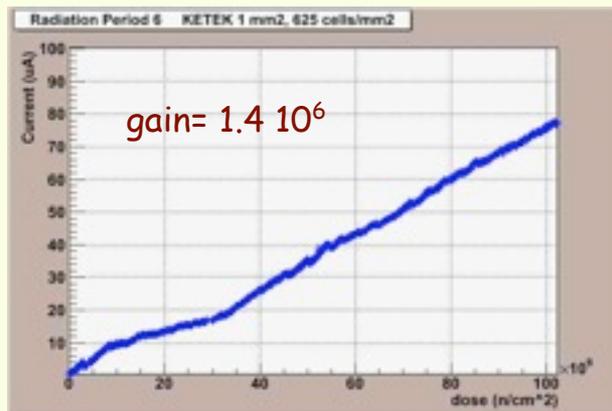
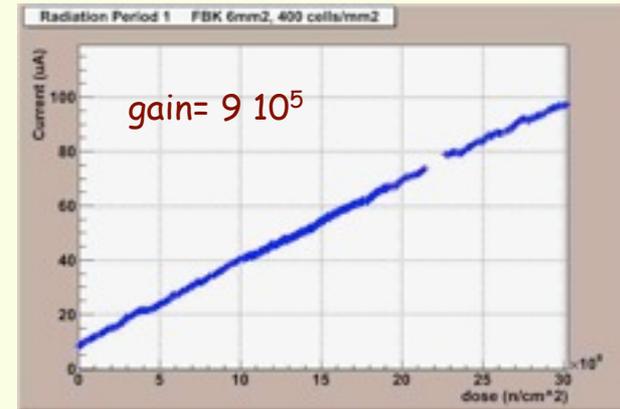
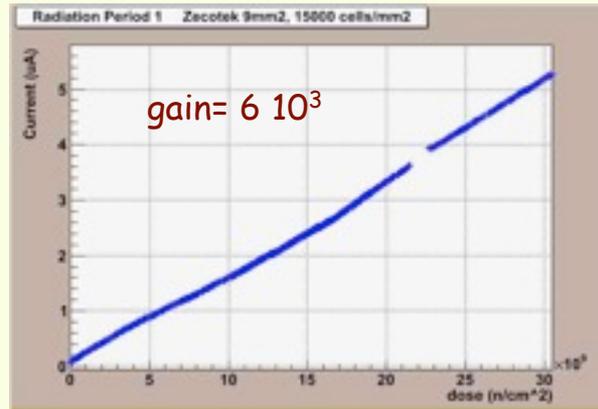
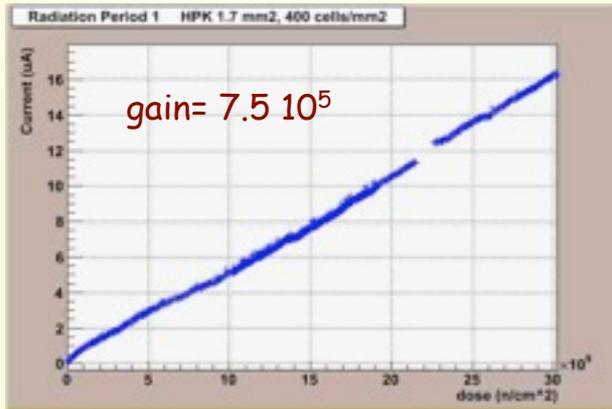
# Data of period 6



Included KETEK and NDL devices



# Linear dependence with dose



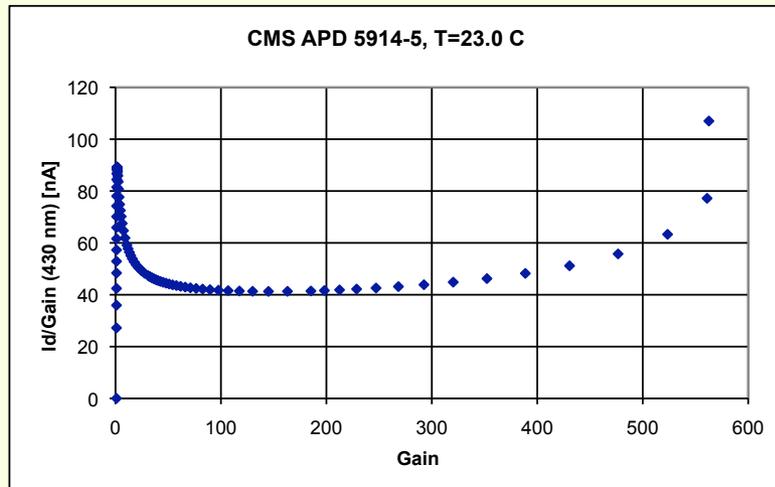
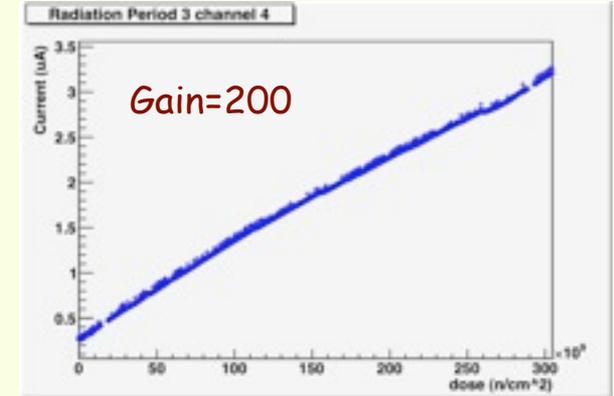
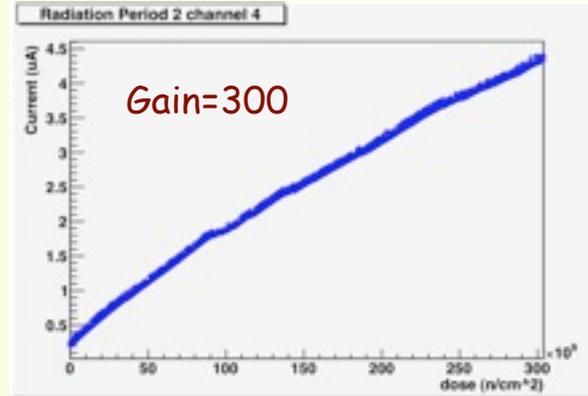
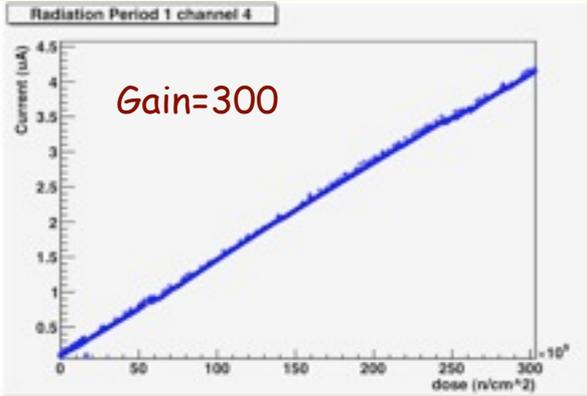
current increase with the dose for different manufactures



# CMS ECAL APD with Annealing



Before annealing  $I_d/\text{gain} = 5 \text{ nA}/1E11$



After Total Dose =  $2E12 \text{ n/cm}^2$   
and annealing at 150 min at 60 C

$2 \text{ nA}/1E11 \gg \gg$  Annealing 2.5x



# Dark rate increase per 1E10 n/cm<sup>2</sup>



						24C	20C	annealing (2.5)	
	$\Delta I / 1E10$ (uA/cm <sup>2</sup> )	A(mm <sup>2</sup> )	$\Delta V$ (V)	PDE 520 nm	Gain at dV (*1E6)	$\Delta$ rate (Mhz/mm <sup>2</sup> )1E10			thickness (um)
Zecotek	1.6	9	2.0	0.25	0.06	<b>18.5</b>	13.2	5.3	<b>2.4</b>
HPK 50 um	5.3	1.7	1.0	0.25	0.75	<b>26.0</b>	18.6	7.4	<b>3.4</b>
HPK 15 um	0.4	1	2.3	0.09	0.13	<b>20.0</b>	14.3	5.7	<b>2.6</b>
FBK (HG)	30	6	2	0.12	0.90	<b>34.7</b>	24.8	9.9	<b>4.5</b>
FBK (LG)	25	6	2	0.07	0.60	<b>43.4</b>	31.0	12	<b>5.7</b>
NDL	1.0	0.25	2.5	0.07	0.10	<b>250.0</b>	179	71	<b>33</b>
KETEK	7.8	1	1.9	0.14	1.40	<b>34.8</b>	24.9	9.9	<b>4.5</b>
HPK APD	0.15	25		0.85	0.0003	<b>125.0</b>	89.3	36	<b>16</b>



# Conclusion



More and more company's are making small cell large dynamic range devices with good PDE.

Thanks to this we now have Radiation hard device for the CMS HCAL calorimeter.

More samples arrive this summer from KETEK,HPK,ZEC and CPTA

Measurements at CERN-PS will continue in the next years!